Dr. Katharina Beer

 $Curriculum \, \forall itae$

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Scientific work experience:

PostDoc	since Dec. 2021
University of Würzburg, Department of Behavioral Physiology and Soci	obiology (Zooll)
PostDoc Aug. 2	. 2019-Nov. 2021 ociobiology (Zooll) in o. 2018-July 2019 y 2013-Dec. 2017
University of Würzburg, Department of Behavioral Physiology and Soci cooperation with the Department of Neurobiology and Genetics	
PostDoc Feb.	
University of Würzburg, Department of Neurobiology and Genetics	
University of Würzburg, Department of Neurobiology and Genetics, wi "Insect Timing"; project: "Characterization of the circadian clock in hor bees and aphids"	thin the CRC 1047
·	OctNov. 2012
University of Würzburg, Department of Microbiology	
,	NovDec. 2011
University of Würzburg, Department of Microbiology, within the CRC 5 "Characterization of a symbiosis of intracellular bacteria and ants"	- , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - ,
Academic degrees:	
Dr. rer. nat.	Feb. 2018
University of Würzburg, Department of Neurobiology and Genetics	
Thesis title: "A comparison of the circadian clock of highly social bees and solitary bees (Osmia spec.)"	(Apis mellifera)
M.Sc. Biology	May 2013
University of Würzburg, main subjects: Microbiology and Animal Ecolo Thesis title: "Development of a siRNA based method to experimental	gy
molecular clock of honey bees (<i>Apis mellifera</i>)"	- 1 - 004.0
B.Sc. Biology	Feb. 2010
University of Regensburg, main subject: Developmental Biology	

Thesis title: **"The rhythmicity in activity of** *Drosophila melanogaster* dependent on Morning- and Evening oscillator"

Honors and awards:

SCIENCIA PostDoc Research Fellowship By the University of Würzburg; project: "Genetic manip honey bees (<i>Apis mellifera</i>) via CRISPR-Cas9 gene editir	Aug. 2019-Nov. 2021 Dulation of the circadian clock in
noney bees (hpis memjera) na enisi n eass gene earn	າອ″
PostDoc Career Development Fellowship	Sept. 2018-Febr. 2019
By the DFG Excellence Initiative to the GSLS, University rhythms and the clock network of social and solitary be	of Würzburg; project "Circadian
Students' representative	May 2015 – Dec. 2017
In the CRC 1047 "Insect Timing"	Way 2013 - Dec. 2017
Merit Award	May 2016
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By the Society for Research on Biological Rhythms at th Harbor, USA, for the scientific merit based on the abstr clock of social and solitary bees"	-
Travel Grant	July 2014
By the Japanese Society for Chronobiology, at the Chro	•
in Sapporo, Japan	
Research stay and summer school:	
Summer School	Dec. 2015
By the Arizona State University and University of Würzl Biology", in Tempe, USA	burg, on "Frontiers in Insect
Summer School	July 2014
By the Japanese Society for Chronobiology, in Sapporo,	, Japan
Research stay	June – Aug. 2010
At the National Parks and Wildlife Service, NSW, Austra	alia; Field work project
"Abundance and conservation of small vertebrates in t	

Selected conference talks:

"Timing matters – circadian clock development of social honey bees and solitary mason bees" at the meeting of the International Union for the Study of Social Insects, San Diego, California, USA, 2022

"How does social life style affect the circadian system of young honey bees?" at the conference of the Society for Research on Biological Rhythms in Amelia Island, Florida, USA, 2022

"Social vs. solitary - a comparison of the circadian clock in honey bees and mason bees" at the international branch meeting of the Entomological Society of America, virtual 2022

"Manipulation of the circadian clock gene Pigment Dispersing Factor in honey bees via CRISPR-Cas9" at the meeting of the German Zoological Society in Würzburg 2021, Germany

"How the clock develops: The PDF-network in honeybee brains of different developmental stages" 11th Göttingen meeting of the German Neuroscience Society 2015

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Selected conference posters:

- "Manipulation of *pigment dispersing factor* gene in honey bees via CRISPR-Cas9" 85th Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Symposium on Quantitative Biology: Biological Time Keeping, virtual 2021
- "What makes a clock "social"? Characterization of the circadian clock of honey bees (*Apis mellifera*) and red mason bees (*Osmia rufa*)" Chronobiology Gordon Research Conference 2015 in Girona, Spain
- "Development of a siRNA based method to experimentally manipulate the molecular clock of honey bees" Meeting of the European Biological Rhythms Society 2013 in Munich, Germany

Publications:

- **Beer K**, Härtel S, Helfrich-Förster C (2021). The pigment-dispersing factor neuronal network systematically grows in developing honey bees. J of Comparative Neurology, 1-20.
- Colizzi FS, Beer K, Cuti, P, Deppisch, P, Martínez Torres, D, Yoshii, T, and Helfrich-Förster, C (2021). Antibodies against the clock proteins period and cryptochrome reveal the neuronal organization of the circadian clock in the pea aphid. *Front Physiol*. 2021;12:705048.
- **Beer K**, and Helfrich-Förster C (2020a). Post-embryonic development of the circadian clock seems to correlate with social life style in bees. Front. Cell Dev. Biol. *8*, 1-9.
- **Beer K**, and Helfrich-Förster C (2020b). Model and non-model insects in chronobiology. Front. Behav. Neurosci. *14*, 1-23.
- Beer K, Bloch G (2020). Circadian plasticity in honey bees. The Biochemist, 42, 22–26.
- Menegazzi P, **Beer K**, Grebler V, Schlichting M, Schubert F K, and Helfrich-Förster C (2020). A functional clock within the main morning and evening neurons of *D. melanogaster* is not sufficient for wild-type locomotor activity under changing day length. Front. Physiol. *11*, 229.
- **Beer K**, Schenk M, Helfrich-Förster C, and Holzschuh A (2019). The circadian clock uses different environmental time cues to synchronize emergence and locomotion of the solitary bee *Osmia bicornis*. Sci. Rep. 9, 1, 17748.
- **Beer K**, Kolbe E, Kahana NB, Yayon N, Weiss R, Menegazzi P, Bloch G and Helfrich-Förster C (2018) Pigment-dispersing factor-expressing neurons convey circadian information in the honey bee brain. Open Biology, *8*, 1, 170224.
- **Beer K**, Joschinski J, Arrazola Sastre A, Krauss J, and Helfrich-Förster C (2017). A damping circadian clock drives weak oscillations in metabolism and locomotor activity of aphids (*Acyrthosiphon pisum*). Sci. Rep. *7*, 1, 14906.
- Fuchikawa T, Beer K, Linke-Winnebeck C, Ben-David R, Kotowoy A, Tsang VWK., Warman GR, Winnebeck EC, Helfrich-Förster C, and Bloch G (2017). Neuronal circadian clock protein oscillations are similar in behaviourally rhythmic forager honeybees and in arrhythmic nurses. Open Biology, 7, 6, 170047.
- Joschinski J, **Beer K**, Helfrich-Förster C, and Krauss J (2016). Pea Aphids (Hemiptera: Aphididae) Have diurnal rhythms when raised independently of a host plant. J. Insect Sci. *16*, 31.
- **Beer K**, Steffan-Dewenter I, Härtel S, and Helfrich-Förster C (2016). A new device for monitoring individual activity rhythms of honey bees reveals critical effects of the social environment on behavior. J. Comp. Physiol. A *202*, 555–565.